

Date: 21<sup>st</sup> October 2015 Version: 02 Revision number: N/a Supersedes: N/a

## 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Identifier: Preformed Road Marking

### Product code: MTXFAT00

#### 1.2 Relevant uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:

Supplied for use as a professional use surface coating for application to road surfaces.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:

Prismo Road Markings Limited (trading as Ennis-Flint) 5 Drumhead Road Chorley North Industrial Park Chorley, Lancashire PR6 7BX United Kingdom

Telephone Number: +44 (0) 1257 225 100 Fax Number: +44 (0) 1257 224 606 E-mail Address: info@ennisflint.com

# 1.4 Emergency telephone number

+44 (0) 1257 225 100 Only available office hours Monday – Friday 0830 to 1700 (English language)

## 2. Hazards Identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

# 2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Skin Sensitiser 1; H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. Eye Irritant 2; H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

# 2.2 Label Elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Preformed Road Marking

(Contains: Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol E.C. 305-514-1)



Signal word: WARNING

Hazard Statements: H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary Statements:** 

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P261 Avoid breathing dust.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

- P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
- P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
- P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/ regional/national/international regulation.

### 2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be PBT or vPvB.

The product may give potential for generation of respirable dust during handling and use. Dust may contain respirable crystalline silica. Prolonged and or high inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung fibrosis, commonly referred to as silicosis. Principal symptoms of lung fibrosis are cough and breathlessness. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

- 3.1 Product Code:
- 3.2 Mixtures

# 3.3 Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS-No./ EINECS- No.	Annex Index or REACH number	Pictogram(s)	H-phrase(s)	Concentrations [%]
Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythri tol	94581-15- 4/ 305-514-1	Index number: - REACH Registration number: 01-2119485895- 17-0002	According to 1272/2008: GHS07	According to 1272/2008: Eye irrit. 2 H319 Skin sens. 1 H317 Long-term aquatic hazard 4 H413	10.0 – 20.0
Titanium dioxide	13463-67- 7/ 236-675-5	Index number: - REACH Registration number: 01-2119489379- 17-0013	According to 1272/2008: Not classified Substance with Workplace Exposure Limit	According to 1272/2008: -	5.0 – 10.0
Silica, respirable crystalline	-	Index number: - REACH Registration number: -	According to 1272/2008: Not classified Substance with Workplace Exposure Limit	According to 1272/2008: -	≤ 5

The full hazard information for individual components if not displayed in section 2 or 3 are displayed in Section 16.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

# 4.0. First Aid Measures

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

### **General advice**

Immediate medical attention is required if in contact with hot product. Move out of dangerous area. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

### Inhalation

Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Get medical attention immediately. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Ingestion

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Move exposed person to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.

Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately.

Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Skin contact

Wash skin immediately with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists. If contact with hot product, cool the burn area by flushing with large amounts of water. Do not attempt to remove anything from the burn area or apply burn creams or ointments. Cover the burn area loosely with a sterile dressing, if available. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. All burns should receive medical attention.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

# Eye contact

Cold product - Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye. Continue to rinse and get medical attention immediately. Continue to rinse during transport. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

Hot product - If contact with hot product, cool the burn area by flushing with large amounts of water. Do not attempt to remove anything from the burn area or apply burn creams or ointments. Cover the burn area loosely with a sterile dressing, if available. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treatment. All burns should receive medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation No specific information.

Ingestion

No specific information.

Skin

Contact with hot product may cause burns.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Product contains a skin sensitising substance. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause skin sensitisation. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

## Eyes

Contact with hot product may cause burns and severe damage to eyes. Product and dust may cause irritation to eyes.

### See SECTION 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

# 4.3 Indications of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Notes to physician

No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. If removal of solidified product from skin is attempted, mineral oil (not mineral spirits) or a mineral oil based ointment may be applied to help soften the product to facilitate removal.

### Protection of first aid personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash Contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

# 5. Fire-Fighting measures

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

#### Suitable

Use water spray, fog or foam, carbon dioxide. Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire

#### Not suitable

Do not use water jet.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase may occur. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

#### Hazardous thermal decomposition products

In combustion may emit toxic fumes.

# 5.3 Advice for firefighters

#### Special precautions for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

#### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Hot product should be handled so that there is no risk of burns. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Avoid breathing vapour or mist.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

# 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

## Small spill :

Eliminate all ignition sources. Move containers from spill area. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Stop leak if without risk.

Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container.

# Large spill :

Eliminate all ignition sources. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Stop leak if without risk. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

# 6.4 Reference to other sections

Note: see SECTION 1 for emergency contact information, SECTION 8 for personal protection and section 13 for waste disposal.

# 7. Handling and storage

# 7.1 Precaution for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid generation and breathing of dusts. Hot product should be handled so that there is no risk of burns.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing dust, vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use.

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Not applicable.

8.Exposure controls/personal protection



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Workplace exposure Limits as defined by UK HSE in document EH40/2005 where available:

Substance	CAS number	Workplace Exposure Limit				Comments	
		Long-ter	m	Short-ter	m	The Carc, Sen and Sk notations are	
		Long-term exposure limit (8-hr TWA reference period)		exposure limit (15 minute reference period)		not exhaustive. Notations have been applied to the substances	
		ppm	mg.m <sup>-3</sup>	ppm	mg.m <sup>-3</sup>	identified in IOELV Directives	
Titanium dioxide – total inhalable	13463-67-7	-	10	-	-	-	
Titanium dioxide – respirable		-	4	-	-	-	
Silica, respirable crystalline		-	0.1	-	-	-	

### Titanium dioxide:

DNEL 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (long-term, inhalation route, generally for nuisance dust, i.e. no specific hazard from the substance)

PNEC aqua (freshwater): 0.127 mg/l PNEC aqua (marine water): 1 mg/l PNEC aqua (intermittent releases): 0.61 mg/l PNEC sediment (freshwater): 1000 mg/kg sediment dw PNEC sediment (marine water): 100 mg/kg sediment dw PNEC soil: 100 mg/kg soil dw PNEC (sewage treatment plant): 100 mg/l PNEC (oral, mammals): 1667 mg/kg food

# Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol:

DNEL	_s:
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Туре	Route	Value	Form
General Population	Dermal	2.5 mg/Kg/day	Long term systemic effects
	Inhalation	9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Long term systemic effects
	Oral	2.5 mg/Kg/day	Long term systemic effects
Workers	Dermal	4 mg/Kg/day	Long term systemic effects
	Inhalation	29 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Long term systemic effects

PNECs:

Туре	Route	Value	Form
Not applicable	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	
	Sea water	0.01 mg/l	
	Sediment	1.55 mg/Kg/dw	Fresh water
	Sediment	0.155 mg/Kg/dw	Sea water
	Sewage treatment plant	1.26 mg/l	
	Soil	0.249 mg/Kg/dw	



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

# 8.2 Exposure controls

# General

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Hot product should be handled so that there is no risk of burns

## Hygiene measures :

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Ensure that there is sufficient ventilation of the area.

### Eye and face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles and Face shield that meet EN 166 a/o ANSI Z87.1 standards

### **Skin protection**

When handling heated product wear heat resistant gloves.

Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Select gloves approved to EU standard EN407. Wear impermeable protective clothing, butyl rubber apron and boots.

For normal operations with hot material wear heat resistant coveralls, (with cuffs over gloves and legs over boots), and heavy-duty boots, e.g. leather for heat resistance. The use of a neck apron is recommended.

### Inhalation

Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Use outdoors or ensure not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour. In case of dust wear respiratory protective device with dust filter. Applicable standards for continuous wear time of less than 2 hour are BS EN 140 mask and BS EN 143 Filter; BS EN 1827.

9. Physical and chemical properties 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance Physical state: powder Colour: No data Odour: Characteristic Odour threshold: No data pH: Not applicable Melting Point: No date Initial boiling point and boiling range: Not applicable Flash point: No data Evaporation rate: No data Flammability: No data **Explosion** limits Upper: No data Lower: No data Vapour pressure: No data Vapour density: No data Relative density: No data Solubility: Insoluble in water Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water No data Auto-ignition temperature: No data Decomposition temperature: No data Viscosity: Not applicable Explosive properties: No data



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

#### Oxidising properties: No data 9.2 Other Information No other relevant information available

#### 10. Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid strong bases, acids and strong oxidising agents.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Do not allow molten material to contact water or liquids as this can cause violent eruptions, splatter hot material, or ignite flammable material.

### **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

In combustion may emit toxic fumes.

### 11. Toxicological Information

# **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

The mixture has not been assessed for toxicological effects, the mixture classification is given in section 2 based on individual component contents. Individual component hazards are given in section 3

#### Toxicological information on hazardous ingredients where available: Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol:

Information on	likely routes of exposure				
Inhalation:	Dust may irritate respiratory system.				
Skin contact:	May cause an allergic skin reaction.				
Eye contact:	Causes serious eye irritation.				
Resin acids an	d Rosin acids, Irritation Corrosion - Eye, Data is for similar product.				
fumarated, est					
pentaerythritol	. Species: New Zealand white rabbit				
	Örgan: Eye				
	Test duration: 4hr				
	Observation Period: 72 hr				
	Notes: OECD 405				
Ingestion:	May cause discomfort if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary				
	route of occupational exposure.				
Symptoms:	Rash. Severe eye irritation. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes.				
	Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May				
	cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash				
Acute toxicity:					
Dermal LD50	Sprague-Dawley rat > 2000 mg/kg. At this does no death occurred. Data for similar				
	product				
Oral LD50	Sprague-Dawley rat > 2000 mg/kg, At this does no death occurred. Data for similar				
	product				



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Subacute: Oral NOAEL NOEL	Wistar rat Wistar rat	300 mg/kg/day, 8 weeks Developmental 1000 mg/kg/day, 8 weeks Reproductive
Skin corrosion/	irritation Based on availa	able data, the classification criteria are not met.
Corrosivity Resin acids and esters with pen	d Rosin acids, fumarated taerythritol	d, Irritation Corrosion - Skin, No skin irritation. Result: negative Species: New Zealand white rabbit Organ: Skin Test duration: 4hr Observation Period: 72 hr Notes OECD 404
Serious eye da Causes serious Eye contact	mage/eye irritation s eye irritation.	Irritation Corrosion - Eye, Data is for similar product. Result: Positive Species: New Zealand white rabbit Organ: Eye Test duration: 4hr Observation Period: 72 hr Notes: OECD 405
Respiratory ser Skin sensitisati		Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. May cause an allergic skin reaction. 50 % w/w Local Lymph Node Assay - Lowest Concentration Producing Reaction - OECD 429, SI=4,24 May cause sensitization by skin contact. Result: Positive Species: Mouse Notes: OECD 429
Germ cell muta	genicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.
Mutagenicity Resin acids and fumarated, este	d Rosin acids, ers with Pentaerythritol	Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Ames Result: negative Species: Salmonella typhimurium Notes: OECD 471 Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Chromosome Abberation Result: negative Species: Human Notes: OECD 473 In vitro gene mutation study in mammalian cells, No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0,1% are mutagenic or

, genotoxic.



Result: negative Species: Mouse Notes: OECD 476

Carcinogenicity Not classified. Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects. Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified. Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified Aspiration hazard Not available.

### Titanium dioxide:

a) Acute toxicity:
oral – LD50 > 5000 mg/kg bw;
inhalation – LC50 > 6.82 mg/l air (MMAD=1.55 μm, GSD=1.70 μm)
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

b) Skin corrosion/irritation: according to test OECD Guideline 404 the substance is not irritant. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

c) Serious eye damage/irritation: according to tests OECD Guideline 405, EU Method B.5 and EPA OPPTS 870.2400 the substance does not cause serious eye damage/irritation. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation: according to tests OECD Guidelines 406 and 429 the substance does not have skin sensitising properties; the substance does not show respiratory sensitising properties in animal studies or in exposure related observations in humans. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity: the substance was tested (bacterial reverse mutation assays, in vitro gene mutation, clastogenicity test) with a negative test result. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

f) Carcinogenicity: Although carcinogenity studies observed formation of lung tumours under condition of lung particle overload, similar pathological changes are not observed in other experimental species. Detailed epidemiological investigations have shown no causative link between titanium dioxide exposure and cancer risk in humans. At workplace exposure concentrations, no lung cancer hazard has been observed. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Nevertheless, the product is indicated by the IARC Monograph as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on insufficient evidence in humans and on sufficient evidence in experimental animals (IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans, Volume 93, 2010).

g) Reproductive toxicity: based on the weight of evidence from the available long-term toxicity/carcinogenicity studies in rodents and the relevant information on the toxicokinetic behaviour in rats it is concluded that the substance does not present a reproductive toxicity hazard. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

h) STOT-single exposure: no reversible or irreversible adverse health effects through oral exposure were observed immediately or delayed after exposure. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure: the substance does not show any adverse effects whatsoever in a chronic oral repeated dose toxicity study in rats with a NOAEL of 3500 mg/kg bw/day; the substance is not absorbed to any relevant extent through human skin, thus no toxic

Date: 21<sup>st</sup> October 2015 Version: 02 Revision number: N/a Supersedes: N/a



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

effects can be expected via the dermal route of exposure; regarding inhalation route of exposure the following observations have been made in experimental animals and in human epidemiological studies: (i) No systemic toxicity was shown to result from chronic inhalation exposure in rats to high concentrations of pigment grade titanium dioxide, (ii) Particle overload is observed for insoluble particles such as titanium dioxide, whereby the rat is the most sensitive species studied, and species-specific differences are demonstrated in various mechanistic animal studies . It has been demonstrated with reasonable certainty that lung overload conditions are not relevant for human health and, therefore, results based on these data do not justify classification. (iii) It has also been clearly demonstrated through epidemiological studies of titanium dioxide–exposed workers that there is no causal link. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) Aspiration hazard: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# <u>12. Ecological Information</u> **12.1 Toxicity** Mixture not classified as harmful to aquatic life.

# Toxicity of ingredients where available:

# Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol

Algae	EC0	Algae	> 1000 mg/l, 72 hr Data is for similar product.; OECD 201
Crustacea	EL50	Daphnia	< 100 mg/l, 48 hr OECD 202
	NOEL	Daphnia	56 mg/l, 48 hr >> Water solubility; OECD 202
Fish	LC0	Danio (Danio)	> 400 mg/l, 96 hr Data is for similar product.; OECD 203

Persistence and degradability:

Not readily degradable.

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Information not available.

# 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information.

# 12.4 Mobility in soil

No information.

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be PBT or vPvB.

# 12.6 Other adverse effects

No information.

#### 13.Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

# Methods of disposal:

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues.

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and

waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.



Date: 21<sup>st</sup> October 2015 Version: 02 Revision number: N/a Supersedes: N/a

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

#### Hazardous waste:

The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

14. Transport Information

14.1 UN number: Not applicable

14.2 UN proper shipping name: Not applicable

14.3 Transport hazard: Not applicable

14.4 Packing group: Not applicable

14.5 Environmental hazards: Product is not classified as harmful to the environment.

**14.6 Special precautions for user:** No information available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code

Applicable for Maritime bulk transport only. Check with carrier.

# 15. Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

This substance is classified and labelled in accordance with regulation 1272/2008 and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

#### **15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

CSA not undertaken for this substance

#### 16. Other Information

# Other Hazard Information assigned to individual ingredients, but not carried to final classification:

H413: May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

#### SDS information:

This safety data sheet is compiled using data submitted for raw materials and practical experience. This product is intended for professional users only.

This Safety Data Sheet is prepared in compliance with regulation 1272/2008 and Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC, including amendments.

THE INFORMATION GIVEN HEREIN IS, TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, CORRECT AND IS

PRESENTED IN GOOD FAITH BUT NO WARRANTY, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED IS GIVEN.



# Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Name of the substance Resin acids and Rosin acids, fumarated, esters with pentaerythritol

# 1 - Exposure Scenario Worker

## 1. Adhesives, sealants

List of use descriptors				
Sector(s) of Use	SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in			
	preparations at industrial sites. SU0: Other.			
Product categories [PC]:	Not available.			
Name of contributing	Adhesives, sealants			
environmental scenario	ERC5: Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix.			
and corresponding ERC				
List of names of	Adhesives, sealants			
contributing	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. PROC2:			
worker scenarios and	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled			
corresponding PROCs	exposure. PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or			
	formulation). PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis)			
	where opportunity for exposure arises. PROC5: Mixing or blending			
	in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles			
	(multistage and/or significant contact). PROC7: Industrial spraying.			
	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation			
	(charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at			
	non-dedicated facilities. PROC8b: Transfer of substance or			
	preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers			
	at dedicated facilities. PROC10: Roller application or brushing of			
	adhesive and other coating. PROC13: Treatment of articles by			
	dipping and pouring. PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent.			

# 2.1. Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for Adhesives, sealants Product characteristics

Physical state	solid				
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.				
Dynamic viscosity	Not available.				
Amounts used					
Annual amount used in the EU	12500 tons/year				
Regional use tonnage (tons/year):	1250 tons/year				
Fraction of Regional tonnage used locally:	1				
Emission days (days/year):	220				
Frequency and duration of use					
Batch process	Not available.				
Continuous process	Not available.				
Environment factors not influen	Environment factors not influenced by risk management				
Local freshwater dilution	10				
factor:					
Local freshwater dilution	100				
factor:					

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure



Emission days			Emission factors		
Туре	(days/year)	Air	Soil	Water	Remarks
Emission days	220	0.017	0	0	
(days/year)					

# **Risk management measures (RMM)**

reserved and the second s	
Technical conditions and	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process
measures at process level	release estimates used.
(source) to prevent release	

# Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Air	Not available.
Soil	Not available.
Water	Not available.
Sediment	Not available.
Remarks	Not available.
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite
	wastewater.

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant (m<sup>3</sup>/d)

oize of manopal sewage system/readment plant (m/a)		
Туре	Not available	
Discharge rate	2000	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available	
Sludge treatment technique	Not available	
Measures to limit air emissions	Not available	

# Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

Suitable waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Disposal methods	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with	
	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	

# Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment		
Suitable recover	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with	
operations	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	
Additional good practice	Not available.	
advice beyond the REACH		
CSA		

# 2.2. Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for Adhesives, sealants

Process categories beyond the REACH CSA	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure. Use in
	closed batch process (synthesis or formulation). Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

exposure arises. Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact). Industrial spraying. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities. Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other conting. Transfer of articles by disping and pouring. Les on
other coating. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use as laboratory reagent.

Product characteristics Physical form of the product Vapour pressure Process temperature	solid Not available. Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently).		
Amounts usedNot available.Frequency and duration of useNot available.Human factors not influenced by risk management			
Exposed skin areas	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. wash off any skin contamination immediately. provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to		

report any skin problems that may develop.

Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Not available.

Other relevant operational conditions

Not available.

# Risk management measures (RMM)

Risk management measures (RMM)		
Technical conditions and	Not available.	
measures at process level		
(source) to prevent release		
Technical conditions and	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.	
measures to control		
dispersion from source		
towards the worker		
Organizational measures	Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Regular	
to prevent/limit releases,	inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines	
dispersion and exposure	Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being	
	used correctly and OCs followed.	
Conditions and measures	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on	
related to personal	hands. Avoid contact with skin.	
protection, hygiene and	Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection. Clear	
health evaluations	up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. In case of	
	contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and	
	seek medical advice. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Flush	
	contaminated area with plenty of water. Other skin protection	
	measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be	
	required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to	
	substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. When handling hot	
	material, use heat resistant gloves.	

# 3. Exposure Estimation



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Compartment	PEC	RCR	Method	Remarks
Compartment		(PEC/PNEC)	Method	Remarks
Air	1,75E-02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	The use is assessed to be safe.	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater	8,88E-05 mg/l	0,000888	Used EUSES model.	
Marine water	1,40E-05 mg/l	0.0014	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater sediment	1,08E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.0321	Used EUSES model.	
Marine sediment	1,71E-03 mg/kg wet weight	0.0506	Used EUSES model.	
Soil	1,76E-01 mg/kg wet weight	0.788	Used EUSES model.	
STP	0 mg/l	0	Used EUSES model.	

#### Health

Not available.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

The immediate downstream user is required to evaluate whether the risk management measures and operational conditions described in the ES fits to his use. Where other RMM / OC are adopted, user should then ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. This may be based on a set of determinants (and a suitable algorithm) which together ensure control of risk. Where relevant DU can use other methods, such as scaling, he needs to check whether he acts within the boundaries set by the information provided in the exposure scenario. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

# 2. Exposure Scenario Worker

# 1. Adhesives, sealants

List of use descriptors	
Sector(s) of Use	SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education,
	entertainment, services, craftsmen). SU0: Other.
Product categories [PC]:	PC1: Adhesives, sealants. PC4: Anti-freeze and de-icing products.
	PC8: Biocidal products. PC9a:Coatings and paints, thinners, paint
	removers. PC9b: Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay.
	PC9c: Finger paints. PC15: Non-metal-surface treatment products.
	PC18: Ink and toners. PC23: Leather tanning, dye, finishing,
	impregnation and care products. PC24: Lubricants, greases,
	release products. PC31: Polishes and wax blends. PC34: Textile
	dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and
	other processing aids.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Name of contributing	Adhesives, sealants
environmental scenario	ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or
and corresponding ERC	onto a matrix.
List of names of	Adhesives, sealants
contributing	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. PROC2:
worker scenarios and	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled
corresponding PROCs	exposure. PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation). PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises. PROC5: Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact). PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities. PROC8b: Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities. PROC10: Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other coating. PROC11: Non industrial spraying. PROC13: Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent. PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available

# 2.1. Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for Adhesives, sealants Product characteristics

Physical state	solid	
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.	
Dynamic viscosity	Not available.	
Amounts used		
Annual amount used in the	5000 tons/year	
EU		
Regional use tonnage	500 tons/year	
(tons/year):		
Fraction of Regional	0.002	
tonnage used locally:		
Emission days (days/year):	365	
Frequency and duration of use		
Batch process	Not available.	
Continuous process	Not available.	
Environment factors not influenced by risk management		
Local freshwater dilution	10	
factor:		
Local freshwater dilution	100	
factor:		

## Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Emission da	ys		E	Emission factor	S
Туре	(days/year)	Air	Soil	Water	Remarks
Emission davs	365	0	0	0.015	
(days/year):					

## **Risk management measures (RMM)**



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Technical conditions and	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process
measures at process level	release estimates used.
(source) to prevent release	

# Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Air	Not available.
Soil	Not available.
Water	Not available.
Sediment	Not available.
Remarks	Not available.
Organisational measures to	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Prevent
prevent/limit release from site	discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite
	wastewater.

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant ( $m^3/d$ )

Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant (m <sup>2</sup> /d)		
Туре	Not available	
Discharge rate	2000	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available	
Sludge treatment technique	Not available	
Measures to limit air emissions	Not available	

# Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

Suitable waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with	
	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Disposal methods	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with	
	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

r raction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment		
Suitable recover	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with	
operations	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	
Additional good practice	Not available.	
advice beyond the REACH		
CSA		

# 2.2. Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for Adhesives, sealants

Process categories beyond	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. Use in closed,
the REACH CSA	continuous process with occasional controlled exposure. Use in
	closed batch process (synthesis or formulation). Use in
	batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for
	exposure arises. Mixing or blending in batch processes for
	formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or
	significant contact). Transfer of substance or preparation
	(charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-
	dedicated facilities. Transfer of substance or preparation
	(charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at
	dedicated facilities. Roller application or brushing of adhesive



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

	and other coating. Non industrial spraying. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use as laboratory reagent. Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available.
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Product characteristics	
Physical form of the product	solid
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Process temperature	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated
-	differently).

Amounts used Frequency and duration of us Human factors not influenced	
Exposed skin areas	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. wash off any skin contamination immediately. provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

#### Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure Not available.

# Other relevant operational conditions

Not available.

### Risk management measures (RMM)

Risk management measures (	
Technical conditions and	Not available.
measures at process level	
(source) to prevent release	
Technical conditions and	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.
measures to control	
dispersion from source	
towards the worker	
Organizational measures	Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Regular
to prevent/limit releases,	inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines
dispersion and exposure	Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being
	used correctly and OCs followed.
Conditions and measures	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on
related to personal	hands. Avoid contact with skin.
protection, hygiene and	Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection. Clear
health evaluations	up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. In case of
	contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and
	seek medical advice. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Flush
	contaminated area with plenty of water. Other skin protection
	measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be
	required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to
	substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. When handling hot
	material, use heat resistant gloves.

# 3. Exposure Estimation

# Environment PEC RCR (PEC/PNEC) Method Remarks Air 1,35E-03 mg/m³ The use is assessed to be safe. Used EUSES model. Image: Comparison of the c



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Freshwater	2,71E-04 mg/l	0.00271	Used EUSES model.	
Marine water	2,18E-04 mg/l	0.0218	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater sediment	3,30E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.0981	Used EUSES model.	
Marine sediment	2,65E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.787	Used EUSES model.	
Soil	2,13E-01 mg/kg wet weight	0.975	Used EUSES model.	
STP	1,84E-03 mg/l	0.00146	Used EUSES model.	

### Health

Not available.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

The immediate downstream user is required to evaluate whether the risk management measures and operational conditions described in the ES fits to his use. Where other RMM / OC are adopted, user should then ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. This may be based on a set of determinants (and a suitable algorithm) which together ensure control of risk. Where relevant DU can use other methods, such as scaling, he needs to check whether he acts within the boundaries set by the information provided in the exposure scenario. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

# 3. Exposure Scenario Worker

# 1. Coating

# List of use descriptors

List of use descriptors		
Sector(s) of Use	SU3: Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in	
	preparations at industrial sites. SU0: Other.	
Product categories [PC]:	Not available.	
Name of contributing	Coating.	
environmental scenario	ERC5: Industrial use resulting in inclusion into or onto a matrix.	
and corresponding ERC		
List of names of	Coating.	
contributing	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. PROC2:	
worker scenarios and	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled	
corresponding PROCs	exposure. PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or	
	formulation). PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis)	
	where opportunity for exposure arises. PROC5: Mixing or blending	
	in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles	
	(multistage and/or significant contact). PROC7: Industrial spraying.	
	PROC8a: Transfer of substance or preparation	
	(charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at	
	non-dedicated facilities. PROC8b: Transfer of substance or	
	preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers	
	at dedicated facilities. PROC10: Roller application or brushing of	
	adhesive and other coating. PROC13: Treatment of articles by	
	dipping and pouring. PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent.	



## 2.1. Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for Coating

Product characteristics

solid		
Not available.		
Not available.		
12500 tons/year		
1250 tons/year		
1		
220		
Frequency and duration of use		
Not available.		
Not available.		
Environment factors not influenced by risk management		
10		
100		

#### Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

Émission days		Emission factors			
Туре	(days/year)	Air	Soil	Water	Remarks
Emission	220	0.021	0	0	
days					
(days/year):					

### Risk management measures (RMM)

Technical conditions and	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process
measures at process level	release estimates used.
(source) to prevent release	

# Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Air	Not available.
Soil	Not available.
Water	Not available.
Sediment	Not available.
Remarks	Not available.
Organisational measures to	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Prevent
prevent/limit release from site	discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite
	wastewater.

# Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant (m<sup>3</sup>/d)

Туре	Not available
Discharge rate	2000
Treatment effectiveness	Not available
Sludge treatment technique	Not available
Measures to limit air emissions	Not available

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal



## Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

Suitable waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with	
	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Disposal methods	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with	
	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	

#### Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

i laction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment		
Suitable recover	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with	
operations	applicable local and/or national regulations.	
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.	
Remarks	Not available.	
Additional good practice	Not available.	
advice beyond the REACH		
CSA		

# 2.2. Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for Coating

Process categories beyond	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. Use in closed,	
the REACH CSA	continuous process with occasional controlled exposure. Use in	
	closed batch process (synthesis or formulation). Use in	
	batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for	
	exposure arises. Mixing or blending in batch processes for	
	formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or	
	significant contact). Industrial spraying. Transfer of substance or	
	preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers	
	at non-dedicated facilities. Transfer of substance or preparation	
	(charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at	
	dedicated facilities. Roller application or brushing of adhesive and	
	other coating. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use as	
	laboratory reagent.	

Product characteristics	
Physical form of the product	solid
Vapour pressure	Not available.
Process temperature	Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated
	differently).

Amounts used Frequency and duration of us Human factors not influenced	
Exposed skin areas	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. wash off any skin contamination immediately. provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to

report any skin problems that may develop.

 Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

 Not available.

 Other relevant operational conditions

 Not available.

 Risk management measures (RMM)

 Technical conditions and



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

measures at process level	
(source) to prevent release	
Technical conditions and	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.
measures to control	
dispersion from source	
towards the worker	
Organizational measures	Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Regular
to prevent/limit releases,	inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines
dispersion and exposure	Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being
	used correctly and OCs followed.
Conditions and measures	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on
related to personal	hands. Avoid contact with skin.
protection, hygiene and	Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection. Clear
health evaluations	up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. In case of
	contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and
	seek medical advice. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Flush
	contaminated area with plenty of water. Other skin protection
	measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be
	required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to
	substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. When handling hot
	material, use heat resistant gloves.

# 3. Exposure Estimation

Compartment	PEC	RCR (PEC/PNEC)	Method	Remarks
Air	2.13E-02 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	The use is assessed to be safe.	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater	8,88E-05 mg/l	0.000888	Used EUSES model.	
Marine water	1,40E-05 mg/l	0.0014	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater sediment	1,08E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.0321	Used EUSES model.	
Marine sediment	1,71E-03 mg/kg wet weight	0.0506	Used EUSES model.	
Soil	2,18E-01 mg/kg wet weight	0.972	Used EUSES model.	
STP	0 mg/l	0	Used EUSES model.	

# Health

Not available.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

The immediate downstream user is required to evaluate whether the risk management measures and operational conditions described in the ES fits to his use. Where other RMM / OC are adopted, user should then ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. This may be based on a set of determinants (and a suitable algorithm) which together ensure control of risk. Where relevant DU can use other methods, such as scaling, he needs to check whether he acts within the boundaries set by the information provided in the exposure scenario. Guidance is based on assumed operating



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.

# 4. Exposure Scenario Worker

1. Coating.

List of use descripto	ors
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List of use descriptors	
Sector(s) of Use	SU22: Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education,
	entertainment, services, craftsmen). SU0: Other.
Product categories [PC]:	<ul> <li>PC1: Adhesives, sealants. PC4: Anti-freeze and de-icing products.</li> <li>PC8: Biocidal products. PC9a: Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers. PC9b: Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay.</li> <li>PC9c: Finger paints. PC15: Non-metal-surface treatment products.</li> <li>PC18: Ink and toners. PC23: Leather tanning, dye, finishing, impregnation and care products. PC24: Lubricants, greases, release products. PC31: Polishes and wax blends. PC34: Textile dyes, finishing and impregnating products; including bleaches and other processing aids.</li> </ul>
Name of contributing	Coating.
environmental scenario	ERC8c: Wide dispersive indoor use resulting in inclusion into or
and corresponding ERC	onto a matrix. ERC8f: Wide dispersive outdoor use resulting in
	inclusion into or onto a matrix.
List of names of	Coating.
contributing	PROC1: Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. PROC2:
worker scenarios and	Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled
corresponding PROCs	exposure. PROC3: Use in closed batch process (synthesis or
	formulation). PROC4: Use in batch and other process (synthesis)
	where opportunity for exposure arises. PROC5: Mixing or blending
	in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles
	(multistage and/or significant contact). PROC8a: Transfer of
	substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to
	vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities. PROC8b:
	5
	Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities. PROC10: Roller
	application or brushing of adhesive and other coating.
	PROC11: Non industrial spraying. PROC13: Treatment of articles
	by dipping and pouring. PROC15: Use as laboratory reagent.
	PROC19: Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE
	available.

# 2.1. Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for Coating Product characteristics

Physical state	solid
Kinematic viscosity	Not available.
Dynamic viscosity	Not available.
Amounts used	
Annual amount used in the	7500 tons/year
EU	
Regional use tonnage	750 tons/year
(tons/year):	
Fraction of Regional	0.002
tonnage used locally:	
Emission days (days/year):	365



Frequency and duration of use	)
Batch process	Not available.
Continuous process	Not available.
Environment factors not influe	nced by risk management
Local freshwater dilution	10
factor:	
Local freshwater dilution	100
factor:	

## Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure

	Emission days	8	E	mission facto	rs
Туре	(days/year)	Air	Soil	Water	Remarks
Emission	365	0	0.005	0.01	
days					
(days/year):					

#### Risk management measures (RMM)

Technical conditions and	Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process
measures at process level	release estimates used.
(source) to prevent release	

# Technical onsite conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

Air	Not available.
Soil	Not available.
Water	Not available.
Sediment	Not available.
Remarks	Not available.
Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site	Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite
	wastewater.

#### Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant Size of municipal sewage system/treatment plant ( $m^3/d$ )

Size of municipal sewage system/freatment p	
Туре	Not available
Discharge rate	2000
Treatment effectiveness	Not available
Sludge treatment technique	Not available
Measures to limit air emissions	Not available

# Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal Fraction of used amount transferred to external waste treatment

Suitable waste treatment	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with
	applicable local and/or national regulations.
Disposal methods	External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with
	applicable local and/or national regulations.
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.
Remarks	Not available.

# Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

|--|

Suitable recover	External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with
operations	applicable local and/or national regulations.
Treatment effectiveness	Not available.



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

Remarks	Not available.
Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH	Not available.
CSA	

## 2.2. Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for Coating

Process categories beyond the REACH CSA	Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure. Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure. Use in closed batch process (synthesis or formulation). Use in batch and other process (synthesis) where opportunity for exposure arises. Mixing or blending in batch processes for formulation of preparations and articles (multistage and/or significant contact). Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non- dedicated facilities. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dadiested facilities. Transfer of substance or preparation
	dedicated facilities. Roller application or brushing of adhesive and other coating. Non industrial spraying. Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring. Use as laboratory reagent. Hand-mixing with
	intimate contact and only PPE available.

## **Product characteristics**

solid
Not available.
Assumes activities are at ambient temperature (unless stated differently).

Amounts used Frequency and duration of us Human factors not influenced	by risk management
Exposed skin areas	Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. wash off any skin contamination immediately. provide basic employee training to prevent / minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

# Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure

Not available.

Other relevant operational conditions

Not available.

### Risk management measures (RMM)

Nisk management measures (Ninin)		
Technical conditions and	Not available.	
measures at process level		
(source) to prevent release		
Technical conditions and	Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.	
measures to control		
dispersion from source		
towards the worker		
Organizational measures	Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Regular	
to prevent/limit releases,	inspection and maintenance of equipment and machines	
dispersion and exposure	Supervision in place to check that the RMMs in place are being	
	used correctly and OCs followed.	
Conditions and measures	Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on	
related to personal	hands. Avoid contact with skin.	



# SAFETY DATA SHEET Preformed Road Marking

protection, hygiene and health evaluations	Wear suitable gloves (tested to EN374) and eye protection. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying. When handling hot material, use heat resistant gloves.
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# 3. Exposure Estimation

Compartment	PEC	RCR (PEC/PNEC)	Method	Remarks
Air	1.35E-03 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	The use is assessed to be safe.	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater	2,71E-04 mg/l	0.00271	Used EUSES model.	
Marine water	2,18E-04 mg/l	0.0218	Used EUSES model.	
Freshwater sediment	3,30E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.0981	Used EUSES model.	
Marine sediment	2,65E-02 mg/kg wet weight	0.787	Used EUSES model.	
Soil	2,13E-01 mg/kg wet weight	0.975	Used EUSES model.	
STP	1,84E-03 mg/l	0.00146	Used EUSES model.	

# Health

Not available.

# 4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

The immediate downstream user is required to evaluate whether the risk management measures and operational conditions described in the ES fits to his use. Where other RMM / OC are adopted, user should then ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. This may be based on a set of determinants (and a suitable algorithm) which together ensure control of risk. Where relevant DU can use other methods, such as scaling, he needs to check whether he acts within the boundaries set by the information provided in the exposure scenario. Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required.